FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF PINETOPS

PINETOPS, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

BRENDA HARRELL MAYOR

REVEREND FLORENCE PENDER MAYOR PRO-TEM

DONALD WEBB COMMISSIONER

BRENDA BARNES COMMISSIONER

BRENT WOOTEN COMMISSIONER

BARBARA MARTIN COMMISSIONER

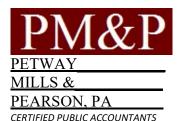
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FINANCIAL SECTION



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Of Certified Public
Accountants

Medical Group Management Association

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Pinetops, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Town of Pinetops, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Pinetops' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Town of Pinetops, North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 8 through 17, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension

Asset and Contributions on pages 52 through 53, respectively, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules in Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 54 and 55, respectively and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions, on page 56, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Pinetops, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary schedules, other schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated February 14, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Pinetops' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Pinetops' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Petway Mills & Peauson, PA
PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

February 14, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis FY 2019

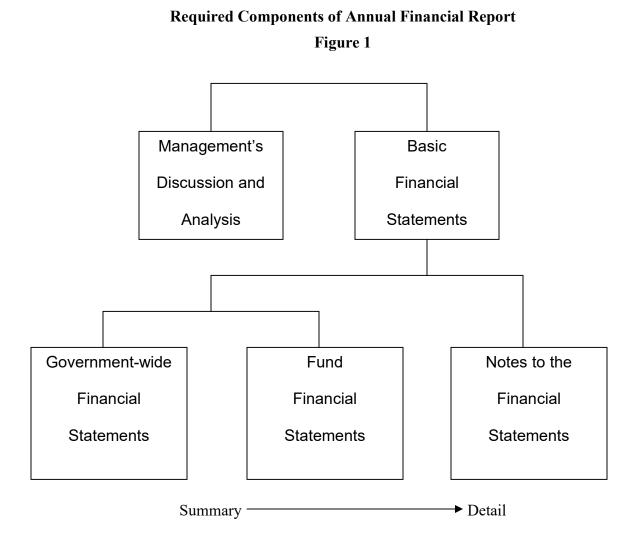
As management of the Town of Pinetops, we offer readers of the Pinetops' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Pinetops for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Pinetops exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,949,635 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$26,716 due to an increase in the business-type activities net position of \$249,543 and a decrease of \$276,259 in governmental activities net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Pinetops' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$472,862 a decrease of \$193,643 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 62.55 % of this total amount, or \$295,785 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$969,602 or 68.28% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Pinetop's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Pinetops.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds.

Management Discussion and Analysis-FY 2019

Town of Pinetops

Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and electric services offered by the Town of Pinetops.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 2) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Pinetops, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Pinetops can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Pinetops adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Pinetops has two different kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Pinetops uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity and for its electric operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 28 to 40 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis The Town of Pinetops Net position

Figure 2

Business-Type

Governmental

	Activities				Activ	•	Total			
		2019		2018	2019	2018	2019		2018	
Current assets	\$	546,277	\$	744,145	\$ 1,244,465	\$ 1,156,187	\$ 1,790,742	\$	1,900,332	
Capital assets		822,209		912,184	5,000,534	5,001,436	5,822,743		5,913,620	
Deferred Outflow of Resources		146,171		90,055	120,167	76,143				
Total assets		1,514,657		1,746,384	6,365,166	6,233,766	7,613,485		7,813,952	
Current liabilities		73,881		76,130	185,294	346,392	259,175		422,522	
Long term liabilities		441,899		407,827	180,127	150,782	622,026		558,609	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		29,275		16,566	19,712	9,100				
Total liabilities		545,055		500,523	385,133	506,274	881,201		981,131	
Net position:										
Net investment in					4 00 4 000	4 0 5 0 0 0 7				
capital assets		586,825		663,625	4,964,028	4,958,327	5,550,853		5,621,952	
Restricted		177,077		217,000	-	-	177,077		217,000	
Unrestricted		205,700		365,236	1,016,005	772,163	1,221,705		1,137,399	
Total net position	\$	969,602	\$	1,245,861	\$ 5,980,033	\$ 5,730,490	\$ 6,949,635	\$	6,976,351	

Management Discussion and Analysis-FY 2019 **Town of Pinetops**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Pinetops exceeded liabilities by \$6,949,635 as of June 30, 2019. The Town's net position decreased by \$26,716 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. However, \$5,550,853 or 79.87% reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Pinetops uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Pinetops' investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Pinetops' net position, \$177,077 or 2.50% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,221,705 (17.63%) is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a high tax collection percentage when vehicle taxes are excluded. An improved system for determining resources allocated to local street maintenance allowed the Town to use restricted funds for this purpose.

Town of Pinetops' Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities			usiness Type Activities	Business Type Activities		Total	Total
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019	2018
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	108,091	\$	134,746	\$	3,438,750	\$	3,416,336	\$ 3,546,841	\$ 3,551,082
Operating grants and contributions		78,710		46,858		-		-	78,710	46,858
Capital grants and contributions		-		69,383		286,522		-	286,522	69,383
General revenues:										
Property taxes		202,657		197,605		-		-	202,657	197,605
Other taxes		8,146		12,814		-		-	8,146	12,814
Other		500,016		387,499		85		97	500,101	387,596
Total revenues		897,620		848,905		3,725,357		3,416,433	4,622,977	4,265,338
Expenses:										
General government		321,002		385,627		-		-	321,002	385,627
Public safety		680,835		720,139		-		-	680,835	720,139
Transportation		270,503		310,499		-		-	270,503	310,499
Environmental protection		139,231		89,583		-		-	139,231	89,583
Interest on long-term debt		8,346		8,819		-		-	8,346	8,819
Water and sewer		-		-		981,259		630,313	981,259	630,313
Electric		-		-		2,248,517		2,659,251	2,248,517	2,659,251
Total expenses		1,419,917		1,514,667		3,229,776		3,289,564	4,649,693	4,804,231
Transfers		246,038		602,000		(246,038)		(602,000)	-	-
Increase in net position		(276,259)		(63,762)		249,543		(475,131)	(26,716)	(538,893)
Net position, beginning		1,245,861		1,309,623		5,730,490		6,205,621	6,976,351	7,515,244
Net position, ending	\$	969,602	\$	1,245,861	\$	5,980,033	\$	5,730,490	\$ 6,949,635	\$ 6,976,351

Governmental activities: Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$522,297 before transfers.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Pinetops net position by \$495,581 before transfers.

Management Discussion and Analysis-FY 2019 **Town of Pinetops**

Financial Analysis of the Town Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Pinetops uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Pinetops' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Pinetops. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$205,700 while total fund balance reached \$969,602. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 14.45% of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2019, the governmental funds of Pinetops reported a combined fund balance of \$472,862 a 29% percent decrease over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$241,513 and those for the Electric Fund amounted to \$774,492. The change in net position for was a decrease in the Water and Sewer Fund of \$251,275 and an increase of \$500,818 for the Electric Fund. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Pinetops' investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2019 totals \$5,822,743 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Town of Pinetops's Capital Assets

Figure 4

(net of depreciation)

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type A	ctivities	Total				
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018			
L <i>a</i> nd	\$ 47,300	\$ 47,300	\$ 37,100 \$	37,100 \$	84,400 \$	84,400			
Construction in progress	137,022	137,022	108,520	-	108,520	137,022			
Buildings	381,284	392,046	-	-	381,284	392,046			
Equipment and furniture	80,236	94,145	-	-	80,236	94,145			
Plant & Distribution System	-	-	4,675,884	4,683,466	4,675,884	4,683,466			
Verides <i>a</i> nd equipment	176,367	241,671	179,030	280,870	355,397	522,541			
Total	\$ 822,209	\$ 912,184	\$ 5,000,534 \$	5,001,436 \$	5,685,721 \$	5,913,620			

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note III.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt.

The Town of Pinetops' total debt decreased by \$19,778 during the past fiscal year.

Town of Pinetops

Town of Pinetops Outstanding Debt Note Payable

Figure 5

	Governmental Activities			Busin	ess	-type				
				Act	ivitie	es	Total			
	2019	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Installment debt	\$ 235,384	\$ 248,559	\$	36,506	\$	43,109	\$	271,890	\$	291,668
	-	-		-		-		-		
Total long term obligations	\$ 235,384	\$ 248,559	\$	36,506	\$	43,109	\$	271,890	\$	291,668

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Pinetops is \$4,518,158.

Additional information regarding the Town of Pinetops' long-term debt can be found in note III.B.6.b beginning on page 48 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town.

• ABB is adding a significant number of employees to its operations which will increase utility collections

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities: Property tax rates are stable while the staff has been very active in improving collections. The Town anticipates improved collections of prior years taxes. Budget expenditures are being held in check in order to improve the fund balance. The 2020 budget anticipates only requires expenditures during the year.

Business – **type Activities:** The overall water and sewer basic rates have no proposed increase. The electric rate has no proposed increase. The budgeted electric revenues and expenditures will increase slightly. The budgeted water and sewer revenues and expenditures will remain steady.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Natalie W. Bess, Town Administrator, Town of Pinetops, Post Office Drawer C, Pinetops, NC 27864. The town administrator can also be reached at (252) 827-4435, visit the town's website at www.pinetopsnc.com or send an email to town@pinetopsnc.com for more information.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	ı	t	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 206,590	\$ 702,237	\$ 908,827
Restricted cash	149,467	128,906	278,373
Investments	114,836	-	114,836
Taxes receivable	47,774	-	47,774
Accrued interest receivable	42,756	-	42,756
Accounts receivable - trade	12,109	305,741	317,850
Internal balances	(32,062)	32,062	-
Due from other governments	4,807	20,708	25,515
Prepaid insurance	-	-	-
Inventory		54,811	54,811
Total Current Assets	546,277	1,244,465	1,790,742
Non-current Assets:			
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and			
construction in progress	184,322	145,620	329,942
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	637,887	4,854,914	5,492,801
Total Capital Assets	822,209	5,000,534	5,822,743
Total Assets	1,368,486	6,244,999	7,613,485
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Contribution to pension plan in current fiscal year	31,945	28,329	60,274
Contribution to OPEB plan in current fiscal year	9,656	8,563	18,219
Contribution to LEO pension plan in current fiscal year	6,787	-	1,008
Pension deferrals	88,433	78,422	166,855
OPEB deferrals	5,472	4,853	10,325
LEO pension deferrals	3,878	-	3,878
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	146,171	120,167	260,559
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable - trade	25,641	39,217	64,858
Customer deposits	-	128,906	128,906
Current portion of long-term debt	13,583	6,863	20,446
Compensated absences payable	34,657	10,308	44,965
Long Term Liabilities:			
Net pension liability	153,396	136,030	289,426
Total LEO pension liability	50,403	- -	50,403
Net OPEB liability	16,299	14,454	30,753
Due in more than one year	221,801	29,643	251,444
Total Liabilities	515,780	365,421	881,201
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4 400	0.000	
Pension deferrals	4,436	3,933	8,369
OPEB deferrals	17,794	15,779	33,573
LEO pension deferrals	7,045		7,045
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,275	19,712	48,987
Net Position:	500.05 -	4004000	F ==0 0==
Net investment in capital assets	586,825	4,964,028	5,550,853
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by State Statute	27,610	-	27,610
Streets	149,467	-	149,467
Unrestricted	205,700	1,016,005	1,221,705
Total Net Position	\$ 969,602	\$ 5,980,033	\$ 6,949,635

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Program Revenues

Position

				F	rograr	n Revenue	es Position							
										Pr	imar	ry Government		
					Op	erating	Ca	pital Grants						
			С	harges for	Gra	nts and		and	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Cont	ributions	Co	ontributions		Activities	A	Activities	•	Total
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	321,002	\$	500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(320,502)	\$	- \$		(320,502)
Public safety		680,835		-		35,418		-		(645,417)		_		(645,417)
Transportation		270,503		-		43,292		-		(227,211)		-		(227,211)
Environmental protection		139,231		107,591		-		-		(31,640)		_		(31,640)
Interest on long-term debt		8,346		-		-		-		(8,346)		_		(8,346)
Total Governmental Activities		1,419,917		108,091		78,710		-		(1,233,116)		-	(1,233,116)
Business-type Activities:														
Water and Sewer		981,259		657,025		_		286,522		_		(37,712)		(37,712)
Electric		2,248,517		2,781,725		_		-		_		533,208		533,208
Total Business-type Activities		3,229,776		3,438,750		_		286,522		_		495,496		495,496
Total Primary Government	\$	4,649,693	\$	3,546,841	\$	78,710	\$	286,522		(1,233,116)		495,496		(737,620)
	Gen	neral Revenu	es:											
	A	d valorem tax	es							202,657		-		202,657
	0	ther taxes and	d lice	enses						8,146		-		8,146
	U	nrestricted int	ergo	vernmental						310,542		-		310,542
	U	nrestricted inv	estr/	nent earnings						6,011		85		6,096
	М	iscellaneous								183,463		-		183,463
	Trar	nsfers								246,038		(246,038)		
		Total Gene	eral	Revenues an	d Tran	sfers				956,857		(245,953)		710,904
		Change in	net	position						(276,259)		249,543		(26,716)
		position, be	_	_						1,245,861		5,730,490		6,976,351
	Net	position, en	ding						\$	969,602	\$	5,980,033 \$		6,949,635

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Ma	ajor Fund
	Ger	neral Fund
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	206,590
Restricted cash		149,467
Investments		114,836
Taxes receivable		47,774
Accrued interest receivable		12,109
Accounts receivable - trade		42,756
Due from other governments		4,807
Prepaid insurance		
Total Assets		578,339
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable - trade and accrued liabilities		25,641
Due to from other funds		32,062
Total Liabilities		57,703
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Property taxes receivable		47,774
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		47,774
Total Bolottoa lilliono di Nobballoso		71,117
Fund Balances:		
Non-spendable:		
Prepaid expenses		_
Restricted:		
Stabilization by State Statute		27,610
Streets		149,467
Unassigned		295,785
Total Fund Balances		472,862
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	578,339
Fund balances as reported in the balance sheet above:	\$	472,862
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position		
are different because:		
Contributions to the pension and OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are		
deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		48,388
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		822,209
Pension related deferrals		68,508
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund		
statements.		47,774
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable		(34,657)
Net Pension Liability		(153,396)
Total LEO pension liability		(50,403)
OPEB Liability		(16,299)
Notes payable		(235,384)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	969,602

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Fund
	General Fund
Revenues:	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 190,814
Unrestricted intergovernmental	314,172
Restricted intergovernmental	79,298
Sales and services	109,406
Investment earnings	5,327
Miscellaneous	186,764
Total Revenues	885,781_
Expenditures:	
General government	288,279
Public safety	668,266
Transportation	208,165
Environmental protection	139,231
Debt Service:	
Principal	12,711
Interest	8,810
Capital Outlay	, <u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	1,325,462
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(439,681)
Other Financing Sources:	
Operating transfers in (out):	
Electric Fund	32,475
Water and Sewer Fund	213,563
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	, <u>-</u>
Total other financing sources	246,038
Net Change in Fund Balances	(193,643)
Fund Balances, Beginning of year	666,505_
Fund Balances, End of year	\$ 472,862

Exhibit 5

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	(193,643)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		(89,975)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resource are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues	•	11,843
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	:	48,388
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on new position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	t t	12,711
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
OPEB expenses Pension expenses Compensated absences		(3,131) (49,042) (13,410)
Total Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(276,259)

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	,	Sui ariar a l		Fin al		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues:		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	214,925	\$	214,925	\$	190,814	\$ (24,111)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	Ψ	285,475	Ψ	285,475	Ψ	314,172	28,697
Restricted intergovernmental		84,275		84,275		79,298	(4,977)
Sales and services		141,450		141,450		109,406	(32,044)
Investment earnings		2,700		2,700		5,327	2,627
Miscellaneous		35,425		35,425		186,764	151,339
Total Revenues		764,250		764,250		885,781	121,531
Evpandituras							
Expenditures: General Government		251,675		251,675		288,279	(36,604)
Public Safety		571,291		571,291		668,266	(96,975)
Transportation		149,708		149,708		208,165	(58,457)
Environmental Protection		50,750		50,750		139,231	(88,481)
Debt Service:		30,730		30,730		109,201	(00,401)
Principal		12,745		12,711		12,711	_
Interest		8,819		8,853		8,810	43
Capital Outlay				0,000		-	-
Total Expenditures		1,044,988		1,044,988		1,325,462	(280,474)
Revenues Over							
(Under) Expenditures		(280,738)		(280,738)		(439,681)	(158,943)
							<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in (out) Sale of capital assets		246,038		246,038		246,038	- -
Appropriated fund balances		34,700		34,700		-	(34,700)
Total Other Sources (Uses)		280,738		280,738		246,038	(34,700)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	_	\$	_		(193,643)	\$ (193,643)
Fund Balances, Beginning of year			т		:	666,505	(111,110)
Fund Balances, End of year						472,862	

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

		Electric Water and Sewer Fund			Total	
Assets						
Current Assets:	_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	626,582	\$	75,655	\$	702,237
Restricted cash		80,886		48,020		128,906
Due from other funds		32,062		-		32,062
Accounts receivable (net) - trade		162,639		143,102		305,741
Due from other governments		3,764		16,944		20,708
Prepaid insurance		-		24 220		-
Inventory Total Current Assets		33,482 939,415		21,329 305,050		54,811 1,244,465
Total Current Assets		939,413		303,030		1,244,405
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:						
Land and other non-depreciable assets		11,600		134,020		145,620
Other capital assets		1,454,713		10,169,173		11,623,886
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,178,581)		(5,590,391)		(6,768,972)
Capital Assets (Net)		287,732		4,712,802		5,000,534
Total Noncurrent Assets		287,732		4,712,802		5,000,534
Total Assets	\$	1,227,147	\$	5,017,852	\$	6,244,999
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Contributions to pension plan	\$	21,813	\$	6,516	\$	28,329
Contributions to OPEB plan	Ψ	6,422	Ψ	2,141	*	8,563
Pension deferrals		60,385		18,037		78,422
OPEB deferrals		3,640		1,213		4,853
Total deferred outflows of resources		92,260		27,907		120,167
I inhilition		· ·				
Liabilities Current Liabilities:						
		25 249		3.060		20 247
Accounts payable - trade Due to other funds		35,248		3,969		39,217
Customer deposits		- 80,886		48,020		128,906
Compensated absences		10,308		40,020		120,900
Notes payable - current		6,863		-		6,863
Total Current Liabilities		133,305		51,989		185,294
Total Julient Liabilities		133,303		31,909		103,294
Other Liabilities:						
Net Pension Liability		104,743		31,287		136,030
Net OPEB Liability		11,136		3,318		14,454
Notes payable - more than one year		29,643				29,643
Total Other Liabilities		145,522		34,605		180,127
Total Liabilities		278,827		86,594		365,421
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension deferrals		3,028		905		3,933
OPEB deferrals		11,834		3,945		15,779
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	14,862		4,850		19,712
Not Docition		·		·		· ·
Net Position		054.000		4 740 000		4.004.000
Net investment in capital assets		251,226		4,712,802		4,964,028
Unrestricted Total Net Position	ф.	774,492	Ф.	241,513	<u>¢</u>	1,016,005
I Utal Net Publituii		1,025,718	<u>\$</u>	4,954,315	\$	5,980,033

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year	· Ended 、	June 30, 2019
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	Electric Fund		later and wer Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,676,927	\$ 655,522	\$ 3,332,449
Other operating revenues		104,798	1,503	106,301
Total Operating Revenues		2,781,725	657,025	3,438,750
Operating Expenses:				
Administration and operations		812,108	705,641	1,517,749
Electrical power purchases		1,347,928	-	1,347,928
Water Sewer Sales		-	75,173	75,173
Depreciation		86,983	 200,445	 287,428
Total Operating Expenses		2,247,019	 981,259	 3,228,278
Operating Income (Loss)		534,706	(324,234)	210,472
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest on investments		85	-	85
Interest on long-term debt		(1,498)	-	(1,498)
Other				-
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,413)	 	 (1,413)
Income (Loss) before Contributions and				
Transfers		533,293	(324,234)	209,059
Grants		_	286,522	286,522
Transfers (to) from other funds		(32,475)	(213,563)	(246,038)
Total Contributions and Transfers		(32,475)	72,959	40,484
Change in Net Position		500,818	(251,275)	249,543
Net Position:				
Beginning of Year		524,900	5,205,590	5,730,490
End of Year	\$	1,025,718	\$ 4,954,315	\$ 5,980,033
				<u> </u>

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,771,876	\$	715,211	\$ 3,487,087
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,831,575)		(765,031)	(2,596,606)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees	(444,584)		(156,002)	(600,586)
Customer deposits received (net)	(5,707)		(2,173)	(7,880)
Other operating revenues	104,798		1,503	106,301
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	594,808		(206,492)	388,316
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Interfund activity	5,707		3,473	9,180
Transfers (to) from other funds	(32,475)		(213,563)	(246,038)
· ,	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,
Net Cash Used By Non-Capital Financing Activities	(26,768)		(210,090)	(236,858)
Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (20,700)		(210,090)	 (230,030)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Grants and other income	-		(286,522)	(286,522)
Proceeds from long-term debt	-		-	-
Principal paid on long-term debt	<u>-</u>		-	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(1,498)		-	(1,498)
Acquisition of capital assets	 -		286,522	 286,522
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (1,498)			 (1,498)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest earned on investments	 85			 85
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash	566,627		(416,582)	150,045
Cash at Beginning of Year	140,841		540,257	681,098
Cash at End of Year	\$ 707,468	\$	123,675	\$ 831,143

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Electric Fund		later and wer Fund	Total		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	534,706	\$ (324,234)	\$	210,472	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		86,983	200,445		287,428	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		119,502	(59,662)		59,840	
(Increase) decrease in due from						
other governments		3,513	(8,694)		(5,181)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-	-		-	
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		-	-		-	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-	-		-	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of						
resources - pensions		(30,034)	(8,763)		(38,797)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		38,305	10,987		49,292	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of						
resources - pensions		(3,004)	(938)		(3,942)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable						
and accrued liabilities		(144,260)	(14,376)		(158,636)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-	-		-	
Increase (decrease) in notes payable		(6,603)			(6,603)	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		5,707	2,173		7,880	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of						
resources - OPEB		494	51		545	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of						
resources - OPEB		10,896	3,658		14,554	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(9,958)	(3,128)		(13,086)	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(11,439)	 (4,011)		(15,450)	
Total adjustments		60,102	 117,742		177,844	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	594,808	\$ (206,492)	\$	388,316	

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Pinetops conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Pinetops is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected mayor and local board. The Town has no component units (legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable).

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Electric Fund – This fund is used to account for all the Town's electric fund operations.

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

The taxes for vehicles registered annually that have already been collected as of year-end are also reflected as deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 because they are intended to finance the Town's operations during the 2019 fiscal year.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Edgecombe County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund and the Electric Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund which is consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. The budget ordinance must be

adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT-Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value. The NCCMTTerm Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2019, The Term portfolio has a duration of .11 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Cash

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2018. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds are valued at cost (first-in, first-out) and consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use, which approximates market.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization cost policies were established at \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful
Asset Class	Lives
Infrastructure	25 – 50
Buildings	30
Improvements	20 - 30
Vehicles	5 – 7
Furniture and equipment	5 – 10
Computer equipment	5

6. <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has four items that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2019 fiscal year, pension deferrals, OPEB deferrals, and LEO pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has four items that meets the criterion for this category – property taxes receivable, OPEB deferrals, LEO pension deferrals, and deferrals of pension expense that result from the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town provide for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

9. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balances can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid expenses - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets - Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue sources for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Pinetops' governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Pinetops intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Pinetops has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Administrator will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas where estimates are made are allowance for doubtful accounts and depreciation lives.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

- A. Material Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions
 - 1. <u>Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes</u> None.
 - 2. <u>Contractual Violations</u> None.
- B. <u>Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds</u> None.
- C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town had expenditures in the General Fund exceed budgeted amounts by \$36,604 in general government, \$96,975 in public safety, \$58,457 in transportation and \$88,401 in environmental protection and in administration and operations in the Water fund by \$377,233. These excess expenditures were the result of the Town not properly amending their budget. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collaterization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2019, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,185,545 and a bank balance of \$1,211,361. Of the bank balance, \$309,833 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining \$901,509 was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. The Town's petty cash totaled \$1,654 at June 30, 2019.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2019, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

Investments by Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Book Value at 6/30/2019	Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management Trust - Cash Portfolio	Amortized Cost	\$114,836	N/A	AAA

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

Fund	June	e 30, 2019
General Fund	\$	26,400
Electric		53,300
Water and Sewer		3,400
	\$	83,100

4. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Be	ginning						Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balances		In	creases	Decreases		E	Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	47,300	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,300
Construction in progress		137,022		-		-		137,022
Total capital assets not being depreciated		184,322		-		-		184,322
Capital assets being depreciated:								_
Buildings and streets		664,959		-		-		664,959
Vehicles and motorized equipment	1	1,188,592		-		-		1,188,592
Equipment		258,910		12,380		-		271,290
Total capital assets being depreciated	2	2,112,461		12,380		-		2,124,841
Less accumulated depreciation for								_
Buildings and streets		272,913		10,762		-		283,675
Vehicles and motorized equipment		946,921		65,304		-		1,012,225
Equipment		164,765		26,289		-		191,054
Total accumulated depreciation	1	1,384,599	\$	102,355	\$	-		1,486,954
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		727,862						637,887
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	912,184	:				\$	822,209

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental unit as follows:

General government	\$ 12,283
Transportation	74,719
Environmental protection	-
Public safety	15,353
Total	\$ 102,355

Capital asset activity for the Town's business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Be	ginning						Ending
Business-type activities:	В	alances	Inc	Increases Decreases		Balances		
Electric Fund:								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	11,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,600
Capital assets being depreciated								
Plant and distributions systems		579,253		-		-		579,253
Vehicles and equipment		875,460		-		-		875,460
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,454,713		-		-		1,454,713
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Plant and distributions systems		470,690		9,145		-		479,835
Vehicles and equipment		620,908		77,838		-		698,746
Total accumulated depreciation		1,091,598	\$	86,983	\$	-		1,178,581
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		363,115			·			276,132
Electric captial assets, net	\$	374,715					\$	287,732

Water and Sewer Fund: Increases Decreases Balances Capital assets not being depreciated \$25,500 \$108,520 \$25,500 Construction in progress 2 108,520 2 108,520 Total capital assets not being depreciated 25,500 108,520 2 134,020 Capital assets being depreciated 9,867,587 178,002 2 10,045,589 Plant and distribution systems 9,867,587 178,002 2 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for 9,991,170 178,002 2 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 2 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment 120,409 858 2 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 200,445 5 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782 Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net 4,626,725 4,712,802		Beginning					inding		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land \$ 25,500 \$ - \$ 25,500 Construction in progress - 108,520 - 108,520 Total capital assets not being depreciated 25,500 108,520 - 134,020 Capital assets being depreciated 25,500 178,002 - 10,045,589 Plant and distribution systems 9,867,587 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 123,583 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 200,445 - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782		Ba	Balances		Increases Decr		Decreases		alances
Land \$ 25,500 - \$ - \$ 25,500 Construction in progress - 108,520 - 108,520 Total capital assets not being depreciated 25,500 108,520 - 134,020 Capital assets being depreciated - 8,867,587 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 200,445 - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Water and Sewer Fund:								
Construction in progress - 108,520 - 108,520 Total capital assets not being depreciated 25,500 108,520 - 134,020 Capital assets being depreciated - - 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 - - 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation Accumulated depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Capital assets not being depreciated								
Total capital assets not being depreciated 25,500 108,520 - 134,020 Capital assets being depreciated 9,867,587 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 200,445 - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Land	\$	25,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,500
Capital assets being depreciated 9,867,587 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Construction in progress		-		108,520		-		108,520
Plant and distribution systems 9,867,587 178,002 - 10,045,589 Vehicles and equipment 123,583 - - 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Total capital assets not being depreciated		25,500		108,520		-		134,020
Vehicles and equipment 123,583 - - 123,583 Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Capital assets being depreciated								
Capital assets being depreciated 9,991,170 178,002 - 10,169,172 Less accumulated depreciation for Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Plant and distribution systems	ç	9,867,587		178,002		-	10),045,589
Less accumulated depreciation for 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Vehicles and equipment		123,583		-		-		123,583
Plant and distribution systems 5,269,536 199,587 - 5,469,123 Vehicles and equipment 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Capital assets being depreciated	Ç	9,991,170		178,002		-	10),169,172
Vehicles and equipment 120,409 858 - 121,267 Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ - 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Less accumulated depreciation for								
Accumulated depreciation 5,389,945 \$ 200,445 \$ 5,590,390 Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Plant and distribution systems	5	5,269,536		199,587		-	5	5,469,123
Capital assets being depreciated, net 4,601,225 4,578,782	Vehicles and equipment		120,409		858		-		121,267
<u></u>	Accumulated depreciation	5	5,389,945	\$	200,445	\$	-	5	5,590,390
Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net \$ 4,626,725 \$ 4,712,802	Capital assets being depreciated, net		1,601,225					4	1,578,782
	Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net	\$ 4	1,626,725				·	\$ 4	1,712,802

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B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Pinetops is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13

members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 2 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.50% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$60,274 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$289,426 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The new pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative

to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 0.01220%, which was a decrease of 0.00012% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$80,156. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,652	\$	1,498	
Changes of assumptions	76,802		-	
Net differrence between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	39,730		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proprortionate share of contributions	5,671		6,870	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	60,274			
Total	\$ 227,129	\$	8,368	

\$60,274 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Future amortization:

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 74,587
2021	50,405
2022	9,103
2023	24,392
2024	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 158,487

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements.

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

Productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurements.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, an investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Discount		Discount		1%
		ecrease		Rate		Increase	
Town's proportionate share of the net	(6.00%)			(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
pension liability (asset)	\$	695,226	\$	289,426	\$	(49,667)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Pinetops administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service.

The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Separation Allowance covers all full time law enforcement officers of the Town. At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan member entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	6
Total	6
Total	- 6

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factors

Discount rate 3.16 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019 the Town reported a total pension liability of \$50,403. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 based on a December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2018 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$6,871.

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,265 2,613 11,314	\$	4,445 2,600
ale measurement aate	\$	15,192	\$	7,045

\$11,314 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows.

Year Ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 801
2021	801
2022	801
2023	801
2024	564
Thereafter	110
	\$ 3,878

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.64)	(3.64%)	(4.64%)
Total pension liability	\$ 55,133	\$ 50,403	\$ 46,063

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2019
Beginning balance	\$ 43,577
Service cost	6,173
Interest on the total pension liability	1,377
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	1,496
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(2,220)
Benefit payments	-
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 50,403

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e. disables and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
\$ 80,156	\$ 6,871	\$ 87,027
289,426	50,403	339,829
0.01220%	N/A	
44,652	1,265	45,917
76,802	2,613	79,415
39,730	-	39,730
5,671	-	5,671
60,274	11,814	72,088
1,498	4,445	5,943
-	2,600	2,600
-	-	-
6,870	-	6,870
	\$ 80,156 289,426 0.01220% 44,652 76,802 39,730 5,671 60,274 1,498 -	\$ 80,156 \$ 6,871 289,426 50,403 0.01220% N/A 44,652 1,265 76,802 2,613 39,730 - 5,671 - 60,274 11,814 1,498 4,445 - 2,600

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The Town's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$21,130. The contributions from the law enforcement officers were \$14,915.

d. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The Town Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. Prior to August 1, 2011, retirees qualified for benefits similar to those of employees after a minimum of five years of creditable service with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the Town's group rates. Employees hired on or after August 1, 2011 who retire with a

minimum of 20 years of creditable service also have the option of purchasing coverage for themselves and dependents at the Town's group rate. Employees hired on or after August 1, 2011 who retire with less than 20 years of service are not eligible for postemployment coverage. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental plan after qualifying for Medicare. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2018, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	General Employees
Retirees and dependents receiving	
benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	16
Total	16

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$30,753 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.5 percent, average, including inflation

Discount rate

Healthcare cost trend rates

Medical – 5.5%

Prescription – 7.50%

Prescription – 7.50% Admin Expenses – 3.00%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	 tal OPEB iability
Total OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2017	\$ 58,595
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	4,679
Interest	2,086
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(35,691)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,084
Benefit payments	-
Other	-
Net Changes	\$ (27,842)
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2018	\$ 30,753

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 2017 through June 2018.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate (3.89%)	Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 27,340	\$ 30,753	\$ 34,594	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1- percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Discount Rate	
		(Medical – 5.5%,	
		Prescription -	
	1%	7.5%, Admin	1%
	Decrease	Expenses – 3.0%)	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 33,766	\$ 30,753	\$ 27,971

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$8,308. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience				
	\$	9,370	\$	31,447
Changes of assumptions		955		2,126
Town benefit payments and plan administrative				
expenses made subsequent to the measurement date		18,219		
Total	\$	28,544	\$	33,573

\$18,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020 \$ 2,4	480
2021 2,4	480
2022 2,4	480
2023 2,4	480
2024 3,4	411
Thereafter9,9	917
\$ 23,2	248

f. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multipleemployer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payrolls, based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$3,132. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end were comprised of the following:

	1	<u>Amount</u>
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year -		
LGERS/LEO	\$	61,282
OPEB contributions to the plan in the current year		18,219
Pension deferrals - LGERS		166,855
Pension deferrals - LEO		3,878
OPEB deferrals		10,325
	\$	260,559

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

General Fund:		Amount	
Taxes receivable	\$	47,774	Ē
	\$	47,774	<u>-</u>
Government-wide Activities:		Amount	
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$	8,369)
Pension deferrals - LEO		7,045	;
OPEB deferrals		33,573	<u>}_</u>
	\$	48,987	,
Pension deferrals - LGERS Pension deferrals - LEO	\$ \$	Amount 5 8,36 7,04 33,57	39 15 73

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$2 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability, auto liability and property in excess of \$500,000 and \$300,000 up to statutory limits for workers' compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit for the total property losses in a single year, with the reinsurance limit based upon a percentage of the total insurance values.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the Town is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage of \$50,000 per structure through the NFIP. The Town also is eligible to and has purchased commercial flood insurance for another \$5,000,000 of coverage per structure.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and town administrator are each individually bonded for \$50,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

4. Long-Term Obligations

Governmental Activities

The Town entered into a direct borrowing agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for the purchase of a garbage/recycle truck in the amount of \$225,000 on April 7, 2017. The Town obtained a 20 year note with an interest rate of 3.375 percent. The Town will pay \$15,654 yearly with the final payment due on April 7, 2037. The Town made payments of \$8,332 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The Town entered into a direct borrowing agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for the purchase of police vehicles in the amount of \$85,800 on May 5, 2017. This note is split between the General Fund (42%) and the Electric Fund (58%). The Town obtained a 7 year note with an interest rate of 3.375 percent. The Town will pay \$13,968 yearly with the final payment due on May 5, 2024. The Town made payments of \$11,446 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the Town of Pinetops has a legal debt margin of \$4,075,630.

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	-	Balance ly 1, 2018	lr	ncreases	De	ecreases	Balance ne 30, 2019		Current Portion
Governmental activities:							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total LEO liability	\$	43,577	\$	6,826	\$	-	\$ 50,403	\$	-
Net OPEB liability		31,055		-		14,756	16,299		-
Net pension liability		97,811		55,585		-	153,396		-
Compensated absences		21,246		13,411		-	34,657		34,657
USDA installment purchases		248,559		-		13,175	235,384		13,583
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	442,248	\$	75,822	\$	27,931	\$ 490,139	\$	48,240
Business-type activities: Electric Fund:									
OPEB liability	\$	27,540	\$	-	\$	16,404	\$ 11,136	\$	-
Net pension liability		66,438	•	38,305	•	· -	104,743		_
Compensated absences		21,747		-		11,439	10,308		10,308
USDA installment purchase		43,109		-		6,603	36,506		6,603
Total Electric Fund		158,834		38,305		34,446	162,693		16,911
Water and Sewer Fund:									
Installment purchases		-		-		-	-		-
OPEB liability		6,446		-		3,128	3,318		-
Net pension liability		20,300		10,987		-	31,287		-
Compensated absences		4,011		-		4,011	-		-
Total Water and Sewer Fund		30,757		10,987		7,139	34,605		
Total Business-type activities	\$	189,591	\$	49,292	\$	41,585	\$ 197,298	\$	16,911

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt obligations are as follows:

Principal

Interest

Total

Governmental Activities Year Ending June 30

9						
2019	\$	13,175	\$	8,389	\$	21,564
2020		13,620		7,945		21,565
2021		14,079		7,485		21,564
2022		14,555		7,009		21,564
2023		15,046		6,518		21,564
2024-2028		58,331	25,854			84,185
2029-2033		62,115		16,155		78,270
2034-2038		57,638		4,978		62,616
	\$	248,559	\$	\$ 84,333		332,892
Business-Type Activities						
Year Ending June 30	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	6,603	\$	1,455	\$	8,058

2020	6,826	1,232	8,058
2021	7,056	1,002	8,058
2022	7,294	763	8,057
2023	7,540	517	8,057
2024-2028	7,790	269	8,059
	\$ 43,109	\$ 5,238	\$ 48,347

5. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$	472,862
	Ψ	
Less:		
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses		-
Restricted - Stabilization by State Statute		27,610
Restricted - Streets		149,467
Remaining Fund Balance	\$	295,785

The Town of Pinetops has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Administrator will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, city funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

IV. <u>Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies</u>

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

V. Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated subsequent events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued, which is the date of the independent auditors' report. Subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated. The following subsequent event requires disclosure.

On July 31, 2019, the Town entered into a direct placement agreement with the State of North Carolina. The total amount owed under this agreement will be \$622,340. Annual principal payments and interest of \$31,117 are due beginning May 1, 2020.

VI. Related Party Transactions

During the year, Commissioner Joyce Tolson was paid \$300 per month to assist families with burial needs at Pineview Cemetery. Commissioner Tolson was paid \$3,600 during the year. These payments were voted on and approved by the Board on February 2, 2010.

VII. Transfers

During the year, the Electric Fund transferred \$32,475 and the Water & Sewer Fund transferred \$213,563 to the General Fund to finance operating expenses.

VIII. Internal Balances

The General Fund owes the Water and Sewer Fund Electric Fund \$32,062 for reimbursements of expenditures that were accrued at year-end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles. Presentation conforms to requirements of the Local Government Commission in North Carolina.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Town of Pinetops Town of Pinetops's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015	_	2014
Pinetops's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.	.01220%	0.01208%	0.01309%	0.01191%		0.01378%		0.01340%
Pinetops's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 2	289,426	\$ 184,549	\$ 277,814	\$ 53,451	\$	(81,267)	\$	40,622
Pinetops's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8	847,600	\$ 763,453	\$ 689,461	\$ 689,000	\$	835,349	\$	787,222
Pinetops's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		34.15%	24.17%	40.29%	7.76%		-9.73%		5.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%		102.64%		94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Town of Pinetops Town of Pinetops's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Six Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	 2019	_	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 60,274	\$	66,213	\$ 58,033	\$ 47,752	\$ 49,515	\$ 59,572
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	60,274		66,213	58,033	47,752	49,515	59,572
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Pinetops's covered-employee payroll	\$ 748,518	\$	847,600	\$ 763,453	\$ 689,461	\$ 689,000	\$ 835,349
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.05%		7.81%	7.60%	6.93%	7.19%	7.13%

Town of Pinetops Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 2019	2018		 2017
Beginning Balance	\$ 43,577	\$	40,174	\$ 34,740
Service cost	6,173		4,486	5,415
Interest on the total pension liability	1,377		1,551	1,240
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of th				
total pension liability	1,496		(6,387)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(2,220)		3,753	(1,221)
Benefit payments	-		-	-
Other changes				
Ending Balance of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 50,403	\$	43,577	\$ 40,174

Town of Pinetops Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019			2018	2017	
Total Pension Liability	\$	50,403	\$	43,577	\$	40,174
Covered Payroll		248,585		232,940		292,079
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		20.28%		18.71%		13.75%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Pinetops has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Town of Pinetops Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total OPEB Liability	2019		 2018	
Service Cost	\$	4,679	\$ 4,955	
Interest		2,086	1,718	
Changes of benefit terms		_	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(35,691)	13,600	
Changes of assumptions		1,084	(3,086)	
Benefit payments		_	(31,103)	
Other		_	-	
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(27,842)	(13,916)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		58,595	72,511	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	30,753	\$ 58,595	

MAJOR FUNDS

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	ı	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:				
Current year	\$	-	\$ 155,987	
Prior years		-	34,447	
Penalties and interest		-	380	
Total Ad Valorem Taxes		214,925	190,814	(24,111)
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:				
Beer and wine tax		-	5,492	
Sales tax refunds		-	19,700	
Solid waste disposal tax		-	1,128	
Local option sales tax		-	265,886	
Utility sales tax		-	13,820	
Franchise tax		-	-	
ABC		-	8,146	
Total Unrestricted Intergovernmental		285,475	314,172	28,697
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill allocation		-	43,292	
NC Department of Highways		-	-	
Fire Department grant		-	30,662	
Police Department grant		-	3,000	
USDA grant		-	-	
Step Grant		<u>-</u> _	2,344	
Total Restricted Intergovernmental		84,275	79,298	(4,977)
Sales, Services and Fees:				
Cemetary sales		-	500	
Business registration fee		-	-	
Garbage collection fee		-	107,591	
Other fees			 1,315	
Total Sales, Services and Fees		141,450	 109,406	(32,044)
Investment Earnings		2,700	 5,327	2,627
Miscellaneous:				
District Court fees		-	326	
Other		-	186,438	
Total Miscellaneous		35,425	186,764	151,339
Total Revenues		764,250	 885,781	121,531

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Governing Body:			
Salaries and employee benefits	48,125	49,853	
Other operating expenses	7,000	6,534	
Total Governing Body	55,125	56,387	(1,262)
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	15,922	20,801	
Capital Outlay	-		
Operating expenses	180,628	211,091	
Total Administration	196,550	231,892	(35,342)
Total General Government	251,675	288,279	(36,604)
Public Safety: Police Department:	440.055	507 770	
Salaries and employee benefits	413,355	507,778	
Other operating expenditures	69,936	76,293	
Capital outlay	400,004	-	(400 700)
Total Police Department	483,291	584,071	(100,780)
Fire and Rescue:			
Operating expenses	88,000	84,195	
Capital outlay	-	-	
Total Fire and Rescue	88,000	84,195	3,805
Total Public Safety	571,291	668,266	(96,975)
Transportation: Streets and Highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits	65,522	71,574	
Operating expenses	39,911	38,483	
Powell Bill expenditures	44,275	98,108	
Total Transportation	149,708	208,165	(58,457)
Environmental Protection: Sanitation and Landfill:			
Salaries and employee benefits	43,850	62,073	
Operating expenses	6,900	77,158	
Total Environmental Protection	50,750	139,231	(88,481)

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Debt Service:			
Interest and fees	8,853	8,810	-
Debt principal	12,711	12,711	-
Total Debt Service	21,564	21,521	43
Total Expenditures	1,044,988	1,325,462	(280,474)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(280,738)	(439,681)	(158,943)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Out):			
Electric fund	32,475	32,475	-
Water and Sewer fund	213,563	213,563	-
Loan Proceeds	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balance	34,700		(34,700)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	280,738	246,038	(34,700)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	<u> </u>	(193,643)	\$ (193,643)
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1		666,505	
End of year, June 30		\$ 472,862	

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Electric Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	 _	 	
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services:			
Electricity sales	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,676,927	
Other Operating Revenues:			
Resale tax refund	-	-	
Franchise tax	-	-	
Sales and use taxes	 75,000	 104,798	
Total Operating Revenues	 2,575,000	 2,781,725	206,725
Non-operating Revenues:			
Interest income	-	85	
Other		 	
Total Non-operating Revenues		85	85
Total Revenues	2,575,000	 2,781,810	206,810
Expenditures:			
Administration and Operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits	487,545	433,145	
Office supplies	4,800	962	
Utility sales taxes	120,925	111,128	
Insurance	33,550	24,864	
Professional services	21,625	15,026	
Utilities	30,650	31,042	
Capital outlay	-	54,240	
Other operating expenditures	248,979	143,024	
Total Administration and Operations	948,074	813,431	134,643
Electrical Power Purchases	1,586,393	 1,347,928	238,465
Debt Service:			
Interest and fees	-	1,498	-
Debt principal	8,058	-	-
Total Debt Service	8,058	1,498	6,560
Total Expenditures	2,542,525	2,162,857	379,668
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 32,475	 618,953	586,478

Other Financing Sources (Uses):

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Electric Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable _(Unfavorable)
Operating Transfers In (Out):	(22 ()	(22.4==)	
General Fund	(32,475)	(32,475)	-
Proceeds from installment agreements	-	-	-
Approporiated Fund Balance			<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(32,475)	(32,475)	
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ 586,478	\$ 586,478

Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis (Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:

Revenues and Other Financing Sources	
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 586,478
Reconciling Items:	
Capital outlay	-
Principal repayment on long-term debt	6,063
Depreciation expense	(86,983)
Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(30,034)
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability	38,305
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions	(3,004)
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	(11,439)
Net effect of OPEB liability	1,432
Total Reconciling Items	(85,660)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 500,818

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	!	Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues:						
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services:	•	0.45.000	•	055 500		
Water and sewer sales	\$	615,000	\$	655,522		
Other Operating Revenues:				4 500		
Tapping fees and other		- 645,000		1,503		42.025
Total Operating Revenues		615,000		657,025		42,025
Total Revenues		615,000		657,025		42,025
Expenditures:						
Administration and Operations:						
Salaries and employee benefits		169,077		176,626		
Utilities		70,675		75,173		
Maintenance and supplies		45,340		67,954		
Other operating expenditures		116,345		458,917		
Total Administration and Operations		401,437		778,670		(377,233)
Capital Outlay				<u>-</u>		
Debt Service:						
Interest and fees		_		_		
Debt principal		_		_		
Total Debt Service		_		_		_
Total Expenditures		401,437		778,670		(377,233)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		213,563		(121,645)		(335,208)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
NCDEQ Grant		-		-		-
Rural Economic Development Center Grant Operating Transfers In (Out):		-		-		-
General Fund		(213,563)		(213,563)		_
Appropriated Fund Balance		(210,000)		(210,000)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(213,563)		(213,563)		-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$		\$	(335,208)	\$	(335,208)

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

_	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Reconciliation From Budgetary Basis (Modified Accre	ual) to Full Accrual:		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(335,208)	
Reconciling Items:			
Capital outlay		286,522	
Depreciation expense		(200,445)	
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences		(4,011)	
Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows of resources	s - pensions	(8,763)	
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability		10,987	
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources	- pensions	(938)	
Net effect of OPEB liability		581	
Total Reconciling Items	_	83,933	
Net Income (Loss)	_\$_	(251,275)	

Town of Pinetops H-SRP-D-17-0072 Project Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		 Actual							
	Project horization	Prior Years			Current Year		tal Project To Date	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues: CDBG	\$ 757,100	\$	_	\$	70,720	\$	70,720	\$	686,380
Expenditures:									
Construction	757,100		-		70,720		70,720		686,380
Total expenditures	 757,100		-		70,720		70,720		686,380
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Town of Pinetops H-SRP-D-17-1043 Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		_	Actual							
	Project horization		Prior Years			Current Year		tal Project To Date	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues:										
CDBG	\$ 950,000	\$		-	\$	37,800	\$	37,800	\$	912,200
Expenditures:										
Construction	950,000			-		37,800		37,800		912,200
Total expenditures	950,000			-		37,800		37,800		912,200
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019

Year of Levy	Ва	ollected lance 1, 2018	Additions	Collections and Credits	Abater Adjust		E	collected Balance e 30, 2019
								_
2018	\$	-	\$ 204,467	\$ (180,179)	\$	_	\$	24,288
2017		8,225	-	(2,503)		-		5,722
2016		7,157	-	(3,843)		-		3,314
2015		4,909	-	(2,332)		-		2,577
2014		4,666	-	(1,338)		-		3,328
2013		2,632	-	(901)		-		1,731
2012		1,658	-	(323)		-		1,335
2011		1,118	-	-		-		1,118
2010		1,581	-	(554)		-		1,027
2009		1,314	-	_		-		1,314
2008		2,230	-	(210)		-		2,020
Total	\$	35,490	\$ 204,467	\$ (192,183)	\$	-	\$	47,774

Reconcilement with Revenues:

Taxes - Ad Valorem (including penalties and interest)	Φ	190,814
Less penalties and interest		1,369
	\$	192,183

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town Wide Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Total Property Valuation	Rate	Total	R	Property excluding Registered Vehicles	egistered Motor ehicles
Original levy:						
Property tax at current rate Motor vehicles	\$ 47,546,749 8,930,224	0.36 0.36	\$ 171,168 33,299	\$	171,168 -	\$ - 33,299
Utilities Senior Citizen Exemption		0.36 0.36	 - -		- -	- -
Total	56,476,973		204,467		171,168	33,299
Discoveries Abatements & adjustments	<u>-</u>	0.36 0.36	- -		-	<u>-</u>
Net Levy	\$ 56,476,973		204,467		171,168	33,299
Less uncollected taxes at June 30, 2019			(24,288)		(24,288)	-
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 180,179	\$	146,880	\$ 33,299
Current levy collection percentage			88.12%		85.81%	100.00%



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Medical Group Management Association

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Pinetops Pinetops, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town of Pinetops, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Pinetops' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Pinetops' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Pinetops' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designated to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency. Finding 2019-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Pinetops' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matter that is

required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Finding 2019-01.

Town of Pinetop's Responses to findings

The Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Town's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Petway Mills & Pearson, PA
PETWAY MILLS & PEARSON, PA

Certified Public Accountants Zebulon, North Carolina

February 14, 2020

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements					
Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified.					
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?		_yes	X	no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X	_yes		none report	ed
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_yes	X	no	

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency

2019-001 Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Criteria: North Carolina General Statutes require all moneys expended by

a local government to be included in the budget.

Condition: The Town's General Fund expenditures exceeded authorized

appropriations made by the governing board for, General government by \$36,604, Public Safety by \$100,780, Transportation by \$58,457, Environmental Protection by \$88,481,

and Water Administration and Operating by \$377,233.

Effect: The Town did not comply with North Carolina General Statutes.

Cause: The Town did not properly budget for expenses. This is mainly

due to the Town not properly amending the budget for the above

expenditures prior to year end.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town review budget to actual reports

regularly and look more closely at expenditure accruals at year end to ensure that all expenditures related to the fiscal year are

accounted for in the budget.

Views of The Town agrees with this finding. The Town will review budget responsible to actual reports regularly and look more closely at expenditure

officials and accruals at year end to ensure that all expenditures related to the

planned fiscal year are accounted for in the budget.

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency

2019-001

Contact Person: Natalie Bess, Town Administrator

Corrective Action: The Town will review budget to actual reports regularly and

look more closely at expenditure accruals at year end to ensure that all expenditures related to the fiscal year are

accounted for in the budget.

Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Town of Pinetops, North Carolina Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		State / Pass- through						
	CFDA	Grantor's	Federa	al		State		Total
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expendit	ures	Ex	penditures	Ex	penditures
FEDERAL AWARDS								
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Develop	oment							
Passed Through NC Department of Environmental								
Quality Division of Water Infrastructure								
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.228	H-SRP-D-17-0072	•),720	\$	-	\$	-
Community Development Block Grant Program	14.228	H-SRP-D-17-1043	37	7,800		-		-
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		-	108	3,520		-		108,520
STATE AWARDS								
NC Department of Commerce								
Building Reuse Program		3184-F		-		178,002		178,002
NC Department of Transportation								
Powell Bill		DOT-4		-		98,108		98,108
TOTAL STATE AWARDS		-		-		276,110		384,630
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 108	3,520	\$	276,110	\$	384,630

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards includes the Federal and State grant activity of the Town under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2019. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Pinetops, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Pinetops.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Town of Pinetops has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.